

ENERGY CRISIS AND ECOLOGY

Nimarpreet

Mata Sundri College For Women, New Delhi

The energy crisis means that the world's demands on the limited natural resources like water, electricity that are used to power industrial society are diminishing or reducing day by day as the demand rises in the world. These natural resources are in limited supply to the world. While they do occur naturally but it can take hundreds of thousands of years to form or regenerate and replenish the stores.

The environmental problems are directly related to the energy production and consumption include water pollution, air pollution, climate change, noise pollution, thermal pollution, and solid waste disposal like plastic waste, kitchen and factory waste and do you know the emission of air pollutants from fossil fuels is the major cause of urban air pollution.



What is the impact of energy crisis?

An energy crisis is any significant bottleneck in the supply of energy resources to an economy. In literature, it often refers to one of the energy sources used at a certain time and place, in particular those that supply national electricity grids or those used as fuel in vehicles.

All in all, the energy crisis has three main impacts on the economy, such as the increase of oil prices, petrol prices, financial downturns and it offers the opportunity to develop renewable energies and other things. Oil reserves are decreasing day by day which has the effect that the oil prices rise steadily.

The conclusion of energy crisis & ecology is energy crisis and environmental concerns raised the necessity for the new biofuels. Biodiesel is a clean alternative to fossil fuel. A green approach for biodiesel production through enzymatic biodiesel production has gained a lot of attention due to the drawbacks of chemical methods.

